

BMAL1 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YT5423

Key Features

Host Species

- Rabbit

Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications

- WB, IHC, IF, ELISA

MW

- 75kD (Observed)

Isotype

- IgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000

IHC: 1:100-1:300

ELISA 1:20000

IF 1:50-200

Storage

Storage*

-15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality

Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human BMAL1 around the non-acetylation site of Lys538. AA range: 501-550

Specificity

BMAL1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of BMAL1 protein only when acetylation at K538.

| Target Information

Gene name	ARNTL		
Protein Name	Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator-like protein 1		
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
	Human	406 ;	O00327 ;
	Mouse	11865 ;	Q9WTL8 ;
	Rat	29657 ;	Q9EPW1 ;
Cellular Localization	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Nucleus, PML body . Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm and this nucleocytoplasmic shuttling is essential for the nuclear accumulation of CLOCK, target gene transcription and the degradation of the CLOCK-ARNTL/BMAL1 heterodimer. The sumoylated form localizes in the PML body. Sequestered to the cytoplasm in the presence of ID2. .		
Tissue specificity	Hair follicles (at protein level). Highly expressed in the adult brain, skeletal muscle and heart.		
Function	Alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist,Function:ARNTL-CLOCK heterodimers activate E-box element (3'-CACGTG-5') transcription of a number of proteins of the circadian clock. This transcription is inhibited in a feedback loop by PER, and also by CRY proteins.,miscellaneous:CLOCK-ARNTL double mutations within the PAS domains result in synergistic desensitization to high levels of CRY on repression of CLOCK-ARNTL transcriptional activity of PER1 and, disrupt circadian rhythmicity.,PTM:Acetylated on Lys-538 upon dimerization with CLOCK. Acetylation facilitates CRY1-mediated repression.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon dimerization with CLOCK.,PTM:Sumoylated on Lys-259 upon dimerization with CLOCK.,similarity:Contains 1 basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PAC (PAS-associated C-terminal) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 PAS (PER-ARNT-SIM) domains.,subunit:Component of the circadian clock oscillator which includes the CRY proteins, CLOCK or NPAS2, ARNTL or ARNTL2, CSNK1D and/or CSNK1E, TIMELESS and the PER proteins. Efficient DNA binding requires dimerization with another bHLH protein. Heterodimerization with CLOCK is required for E-box-dependent transactivation, for CLOCK nuclear translocation and degradation, and, for phosphorylation of both CLOCK and ARNTL. Interaction with PER and CRY proteins requires translocation to the nucleus. Interaction of the CLOCK-ARNTL heterodimer with PER or CRY inhibits transcription activation. Interacts with HSP90; with AHR in vitro, but not in vivo.,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in the adult brain, skeletal muscle and heart.,		

| Validation Data

| Contact information

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BMAL1 Rabbit pAb

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