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XIAP Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YT4913 Orthogonal Validated 💽

Key Features

Host Species Rabbit 	Reactivity • Human,Mouse,Rat	ApplicationsWB,IHC,IF,ELISA
MW • 57kD (Observed)	Isotype • IgG	

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:100-1:300 ELISA 1:20000 IF 1:50-200

Storage

Storage*-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)FormulationLiquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human XIAP. AA range:53-102
Specificity	XIAP Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of XIAP protein.

Target Information

Gene name XIAP

Protein Name E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase XIAP

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>331;</u>	<u>P98170;</u>
Mouse	<u>11798;</u>	<u>Q60989;</u>
Rat	<u>63879;</u>	<u>Q9R016;</u>

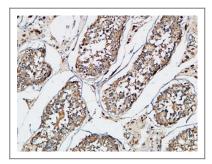
Cellular Cytoplasm. Nucleus. TLE3 promotes its nuclear localization.

Localization

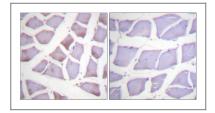
Tissue specificity Expressed in colonic crypts (at protein level) (PubMed:30389919). Ubiquitous, except peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:8654366).

Function Disease:Defects in XIAP are the cause of lymphoproliferative syndrome X-linked type 2 (XLP2) [MIM:300635]. XLP is a rare immunodeficiency characterized by extreme susceptibility to infection with Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). Symptoms include severe or fatal mononucleosis, acquired hypogammaglobulinemia, pancytopenia and malignant lymphoma.,Domain:The first BIR domain is involved in interaction with MAP3K7IP1 and is important for dimerization. The second BIR domain is sufficient to inhibit caspase-3 and caspase-7, while the third BIR is involved in caspase-9 inhibition. The interactions with SMAC and PRSS25 are mediated by the second and third BIR domains., Function: Apoptotic suppressor. Has E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity. Mediates the proteasomal degradation of target proteins, such as caspase-3, SMAC or AIFM1. Inhibitor of caspase-3, -7 and -9. Mediates activation of MAP3K7/TAK1, leading to the activation of NF-kappa-B.,online information:XIAP mutation db,PTM:Phosphorylation by PKB/AKT protects XIAP against ubiguitination and protects the protein against proteasomal degradation., PTM: Ubiguitinated and degraded by the proteasome in apoptotic cells., similarity: Belongs to the IAP family., similarity: Contains 1 RING-type zinc finger., similarity: Contains 3 BIR repeats., subunit: Monomer, and homodimer. Interacts with SMAC and with PRSS25; these interactions inhibit apoptotic suppressor activity. Interacts with MAP3K7IP1 and AIFM1. Interaction with SMAC hinders binding of MAP3K7IP1 and AIFM1. Interacts with TCF25., tissue specificity: Ubiguitous, except peripheral blood leukocytes.,

Validation Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human testis. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human skeletal muscle tissue, using XIAP Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: **XIAP Rabbit pAb**

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents