

BCL-10 (Phospho Ser138) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP1738

Key Features

Host Species

- Rabbit

Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications

- WB

MW

- 26kD (Calculated)

Isotype

- IgG

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-2000

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human BCL-10 (Phospho-Ser138)

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of BCL-10 (Phospho-Ser138) at Human, Mouse, Rat. The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites): SNSDE

Target Information

Gene name BCL10 CIPER CLAP
Protein Name BCL-10 (Phospho-Ser138)

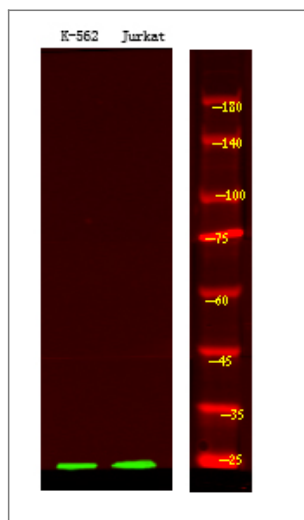
Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	8915 ;	Q95999 ;
Mouse	12042 ;	Q9Z0H7 ;
Rat	83477 ;	Q9QYN5 ;

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm, perinuclear region . Membrane raft . Appears to have a perinuclear, compact and filamentous pattern of expression. Also found in the nucleus of several types of tumor cells. Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts. .

Tissue specificity Ubiquitous.

Function Disease:A chromosomal aberration involving BCL10 is recurrent in low-grade mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT lymphoma). Translocation t(1;14)(p22;q32). Although the BCL10/IgH translocation leaves the coding region of BCL10 intact, frequent BCL10 mutations could be attributed to the Ig somatic hypermutation mechanism resulting in nucleotide transitions.,Disease:Defects in BCL10 are involved in various types of cancer.,Function:Promotes apoptosis, pro-caspase-9 maturation and activation of NF-kappa-B via NIK and IKK. May be an adapter protein between upstream TNFR1-TRADD-RIP complex and the downstream NIK-IKK-IKAP complex. Is a substrate for MALT1.,PTM:Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation results in dissociation from TRAF2 and binding to BIRC2/c-IAP2.,similarity:Contains 1 CARD domain.,subcellular location:Appears to have a perinuclear, compact and filamentous pattern of expression. Also found in the nucleus of several types of tumor cells.,subunit:Self-associates by CARD-CARD interaction and forms a tight complex with MALT1. Interacts with other CARD-proteins such as CARD9, CARD10, CARD11 and CARD14. Binds caspase-9 with its C-terminal domain. Interacts with TRAF2 and BIRC2/c-IAP2.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,

Validation Data



Western Blot analysis of K-562 Jurkat using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution 4°C overnight. Secondary antibody (catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000 25°C, 1.5hours

| Contact information

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BCL-10 (Phospho Ser138) Rabbit pAb

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