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DNA-PKCS (Phospho Thr2638) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP1174 Orthogonal Validated 💽

Key Features

Host Species • Rabbit	Reactivity • Human,Mouse	Applications IF,ELISA
MW • 469kD (Calculated)	Isotype • IgG	

Recommended Dilution Ratios

IF 1:200-1:1000 ELISA 1:10000 Not yet tested in other applications

Storage

Storage*	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

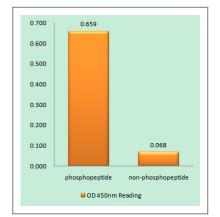
Immunogen Information

- ImmunogenThe antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human DNA-PK
around the phosphorylation site of Thr2638. AA range:2604-2653
- **Specificity** Phospho-DNA-PKCS (T2638) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of DNA-PKCS protein only when phosphorylated at T2638.The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):RAtQQ

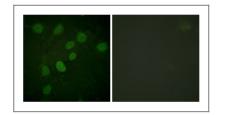
Target Information

Gene name	PRKDC				
Protein Name	DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit				
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID		
	Human	<u>5591;</u>	<u>P78527;</u>		
	Mouse	<u>19090;</u>	<u>P97313;</u>		
Cellular Localization	Nucleus . Nucleus, nucleolus .				
Tissue specificity	Brain,Cervix carcinoma,Epithelium,Fetal lung,Placen				
Function	Brain,Cervix carcinoma,Epithelium,Fetal lung,Placen Catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme regulation:Inhibited by wortmannin. Activity of the enzyme seems to be attenuated by autophosphorylation.,Function:Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts as a molecular sensor for DNA damage. Involved in DNA nonhomologous end joining (NHEJ) required for double-strand break (DSB) repair and V(D)] recombination. Must be bound to DNA to express its catalytic properties. Promotes processing of hairpin DNA structures in V(D)] recombination by activation of the hairpin endonuclease artemis (DCLREIC). The assembly of the DNA-PK complex at DNA ends is also required for the NHEJ ligation step. Required to protect and align broken ends of DNA. May also act as a scaffold protein to aid the localization of DNA repair proteins to the site of damage. Found at the ends of chromosomes, suggesting a further role in the maintenance of telomeric stability and the prevention of chromosomal end fusion. Also involved in modulation of transcription. Recognizes the substrate consensus sequence (STJ-Q. Phosphorylates 'Ser-139' of histone variant H2AX/H2AFX, thereby regulating DNA damage response mechanism. Phosphorylate DCLREIC, c-Abl/ABL1, histone H1, HSPCA, c-jun/JUN, p53/TP53, PARP1, POUZF1, DHX9, SRF, XRCC1, XRCC1, XRCC4, XRCC5, XRCC6, WRN, c-myc/MYC and RFA2. Can phosphorylate C11 not only in the presence of linear DNA but also in the presence of supercoiled DNA. Ability to phosphorylated TP53/p53 in the presence of supercoiled DNA is dependent on C1D., TM*:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Autophosphorylatec on Thr-2609, Thr-2638 and Thr-2647. Thr-2609 is a DNA damage-inducible phosphorylated on Thr-2609, Thr-2638 and Thr-2647. Thr-2609 is a DNA damage-inducible phosphorylated on Thr-2609, Thr-2638 and Thr-2647. Thr-2609 is a DNA damage-inducible phosphorylated on Thr-2609, Thr-2638 and Thr-2647. Thr-2609 is a DNA damage-inducible phosphorylates of the Lunge at leads to remodeling of the		enuated by kinase that acts as a molecular us end joining (NHEJ) required for ion. Must be bound to DNA to f hairpin DNA structures in V(D)J e artemis (DCLRE1C). The assembly r the NHEJ ligation step. Required to a scaffold protein to aid the e. Found at the ends of ance of telomeric stability and the modulation of transcription. Phosphorylates 'Ser-139' of histone response mechanism. Phosphorylates 63/TP53, PARP1, POU2F1, DHX9, SRF, YC and RFA2. Can phosphorylate C1D resence of supercoiled DNA. Ability led DNA is dependent on by ATM or ATR. Autophosphorylated A damage-inducible phosphorylated A damage-inducible phosphorylation rylation induces a conformational x, requisite for efficient end 3/PI4-kinase ttains 1 FATC ity:Contains 2 HEAT A-PK is a heterotrimer of PRKDC and is complex may be promoted by u heterodimer, but it can also bind to -interacting protein (KIP) with the interacts with and phosphorylates		

Validation Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using DNA-PK (Phospho-Thr2638) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HUVEC cells treated with serum 20% 30', using DNA-PK (Phospho-Thr2638) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: DNA-PKCS (Phospho Thr2638) Rabbit pAb

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Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents