

## p47-phox (Phospho Ser345) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP0828 **Orthogonal Validated** 

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Applications

- WB, IHC, IF, ELISA

#### MW

- 45kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:500-1:2000****IHC 1:100-1:300****ELISA 1:5000****IF 1:50-200**

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

**Immunogen** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human p47 phox around the phosphorylation site of Ser345. AA range:311-360

**Specificity**

Phospho-p47-phox (S345) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of p47-phox protein only when phosphorylated at S345. The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):PQsPG

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## | Target Information

**Gene name** NCF1

**Protein Name** Neutrophil cytosol factor 1

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<a href="#">653361</a> ;	<a href="#">P14598</a> ;
Mouse		<a href="#">Q09014</a> ;

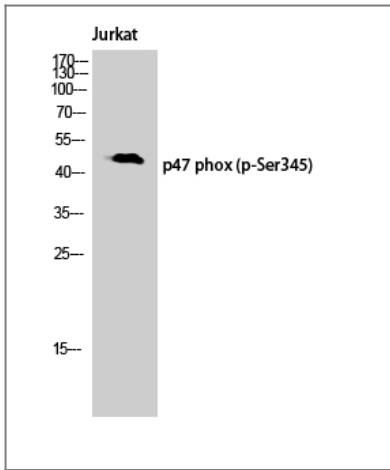
**Cellular Localization** Cytoplasm, cytosol . Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side .

**Tissue specificity** Detected in peripheral blood monocytes and neutrophils (at protein level).

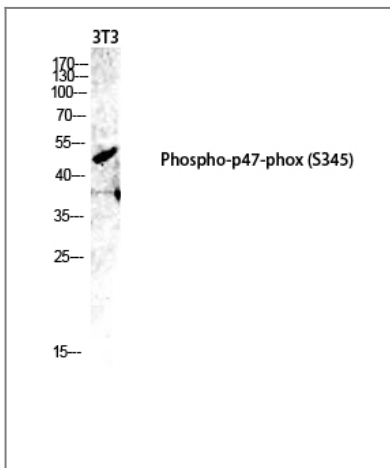
**Function** Disease:Defects in NCF1 are the cause of chronic granulomatous disease autosomal recessive cytochrome-b-positive type 1 (CGD1) [MIM:233700]. Chronic granulomatous disease is a genetically heterogeneous disorder characterized by the inability of neutrophils and phagocytes to kill microbes that they have ingested. Patients suffer from life-threatening bacterial/fungal infections.,Function:NCF2, NCF1, and a membrane bound cytochrome b558 are required for activation of the latent NADPH oxidase (necessary for superoxide production).,online information:NCF1 deficiency database,similarity:Contains 1 PX (phox homology) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 SH3 domains.,subunit:Interacts with NOXA1.,

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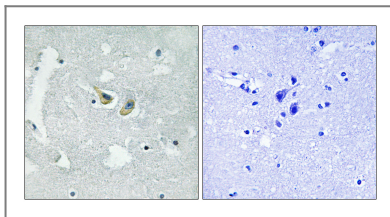
## | Validation Data



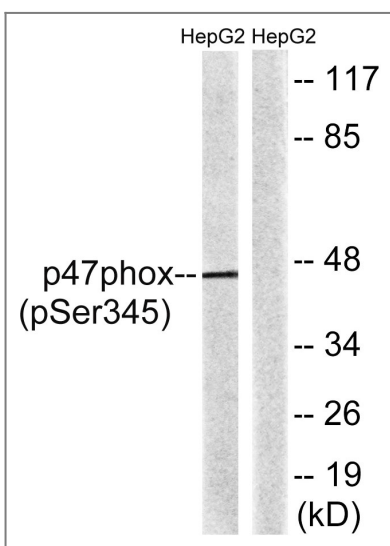
Western Blot analysis of Jurkat cells using Phospho-p47-phox (S345) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western blot analysis of 3T3 lysis using Phospho-p47-phox (S345) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using p47 phox (Phospho-Ser345) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells treated with TNF 20ng/ml 5', using p47 phox (Phospho-Ser345) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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Please scan the QR code  
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product information:  
**p47-phox (Phospho  
Ser345) Rabbit pAb**

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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

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