

# Catalase (Phospho Tyr386) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP0728

# Key Features

Host Species	
<ul> <li>Rabbit</li> </ul>	

MW • 59kD (Observed) Reactivity

Human,Mouse,Rat

Isotype

IgG

ApplicationsWB,IHC,IF,ELISA

### **Recommended Dilution Ratios**

WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:100-1:300 ELISA 1:20000 IF 1:50-200

## **Storage**

Storage\*-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)FormulationLiquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

## Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

# Immunogen Information

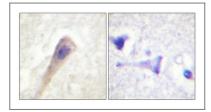
ImmunogenThe antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Catalase<br/>around the phosphorylation site of Tyr385. AA range:361-410

**Specificity** Phospho-Catalase (Y386) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Catalase protein only when phosphorylated at Y386.The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):ANyQR

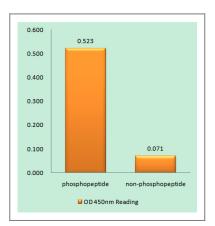
# Target Information

Gene name	CAT			
Protein Name	Catalase			
	Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID	
	Human	<u>847;</u>	<u>P04040;</u>	
	Mouse	<u>12359;</u>	<u>P24270;</u>	
	Rat	<u>24248;</u>	<u>P04762;</u>	
Cellular Localization	Peroxisome.			
Tissue specificity	<ul> <li>Brain, Cajal-Retzius</li> <li>cell, Erythrocyte, Eye, Fibroblast, Kidney, Liver, Placenta, Platelet, Skin, Uterus,</li> </ul>			
Function	Catalytic activity:2 H(2)O(2) = O(2) + 2 H(2)O.,cofactor:Heme group.,cofactor:NADP.,Disease:Defects in CAT are the cause of acatalasia (ACATLAS) [MIM:115500]; also known as acatalasemia. This disease is characterized by absence of catalase activity in red cells and is often associated with ulcerating oral lesions.,Function:Occurs in almost all aerobically respiring organisms and serves to protect cells from the toxic effects of hydrogen peroxide. Promotes growth of cells including T-cells, B-cells, myeloid leukemia cells, melanoma cells, mastocytoma cells and normal and transformed fibroblast cells.,online information:Catalase entry,PTM:The N-terminus is blocked.,similarity:Belongs to the catalase family.,subunit:Homotetramer.,			

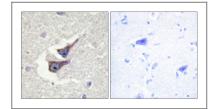
#### Validation Data



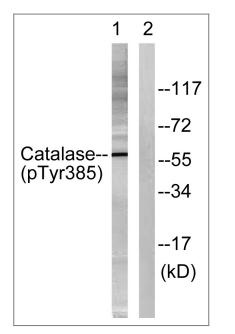
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Catalase (Phospho-Tyr385) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using Catalase (Phospho-Tyr385) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using Catalase (Phospho-Tyr385) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

#### **Contact information**

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: Catalase (Phospho Tyr386) Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents