

Syk (Phospho Tyr352) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YP0500 Orthogonal Validated 💽

Key Features

Host Species Rabbit 	ReactivityHuman,Mouse,Rat	ApplicationsWB,ELISA
MW • 72kD (Observed)	Isotype • IgG	

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000 ELISA 1:10000 Not yet tested in other applications.

Storage

Storage*	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

ImmunogenSynthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human Syk (phospho
Tyr352)SpecificityPhospho-Syk (Y352) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Syk protein only
when phosphorylated at Y352.The name of modified sites may be influenced by many
factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples)
and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and
the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing
technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the
sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification
sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):SPyAD

Target Information

Gene name	SYK				
Protein Name	Tyrosine-protein kinase SYK Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID		
	Human	<u>6850;</u>	<u>P43405;</u>		
	Mouse	<u>20963;</u>	<u>P48025;</u>		
	Rat	<u>25155;</u>	<u>Q64725;</u>		
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane . Cytoplasm, cytosol .				
Tissue specificity	Widely expressed in hematopoietic cells (at protein level) (PubMed:8163536). Expressed in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:15123770). Within the B-cell compartment, expressed from pro- and pre-B cells to plasma cells (PubMed:8163536).				
Function	Catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,Function:Positive effector of BCR-stimulated responses. Couples the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) to the mobilization of calcium ion either through a phosphoinositide 3-kinase-dependent pathway, when not phosphorylated on tyrosines of the linker region, or through a phospholipase C-gamma-dependent pathway, when phosphorylated on Tyr-348 and Tyr-352. Thus the differential phosphorylation of Syk can determine the pathway by which BCR is coupled to the regulation of intracellular calcium ion.,PTM:Autophosphorylated.,PTM:Phosphorylation on Tyr-323 creates a binding site for c- Cbl, an adapter protein that serves as a negative regulator of BCR-stimulated calcium ion signaling.,PTM:Phosphorylation on Tyr-348 and Tyr-352 enhances the phosphorylation and activation of phospholipase C-gamma and the early phase of calcium ion mobilization via a phosphoinositide 3-kinase-independent pathway.,PTM:Ubiquitinated by CBLB after BCR activation; which promotes proteasomal degradation.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. SYK/ZAP-70 subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 SH2 domains.,subunit:Interacts with CBL and SLA when it is phosphorylated. The interaction with SLA may link it to CBL, leading to its destruction. Interacts with phosphorylated NFAM1 (By similarity). Interacts with Epstein-Barr virus LMP2A. Interacts through its SH2 domains with the phosphorylated ITAM domain of CD79A which stimulates SYK autophosphorylation and activation. Interacts with FCRL3.,				

Validation Data

Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: **Syk (Phospho Tyr352) Rabbit pAb**

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents