

MGAT3 Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN7088

| Key Features

Host Species

- Rabbit

Reactivity

- Human,Rat

Applications

- WB

MW

- 59kD (Calculated)

Isotype

- IgG

| Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-2000

| Storage

Storage*

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

| Basic Information

Clonality

Polyclonal

| Immunogen Information

Immunogen

Synthesized peptide derived from human MGAT3

Specificity

This antibody detects endogenous levels of MGAT3 at Human,Rat

| Target Information

Gene name

MGAT3 GGNT3

Protein Name Beta-1,4-mannosyl-glycoprotein 4-beta-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase (N-glycosyl-oligosaccharide-glycoprotein N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase III) (GNT-III) (GlcNAc-T III) (N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase III)

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	4248;	Q09327;
Mouse		Q10470;
Rat	29582;	Q02527;

Cellular Localization Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein .

Function It is involved in the regulation of the biosynthesis and biological function of glycoprotein oligosaccharides. Catalyzes the addition of N-acetylglucosamine in beta 1-4 linkage to the beta-linked mannose of the trimannosyl core of N-linked sugar chains, called bisecting N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc). It is one of the most important enzymes involved in the regulation of the biosynthesis of glycoprotein oligosaccharides. The addition of this bisecting GlcNAc residue alters not only the composition, but also the conformation of the N-glycan. The introduction of the bisecting GlcNAc residue results in the suppression of further processing and elongation of N-glycans, precluding the formation of beta-1,6 GlcNAc branching, catalyzed by MGAT5 since it is unable to use the bisected oligosaccharide as a substrate . Addition of bisecting N-acetylglucosamine to CDH1/E-cadherin modulates CDH1 cell membrane location . Inhibits NeuAc-alpha-2,3-Gal-beta-1,4-GlcNAc- formation which modulates sialylation levels and plays a role in cell migration regulation . In brain, addition of bisecting N-acetylglucosamine to BACE1 blocks its lysosomal targeting in response to oxidative stress and further degradation which increases its location to early endosome and the APP cleavage (By similarity).

| Validation Data

| Contact information

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