

## TBCB Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YN1455

### Key Features

**Host Species**

- Rabbit

**Reactivity**

- Human, Mouse

**Applications**

- WB, ELISA

**MW**

- 26kD (Observed)

**Isotype**

- IgG

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:500-2000****ELISA 1:5000-20000**

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

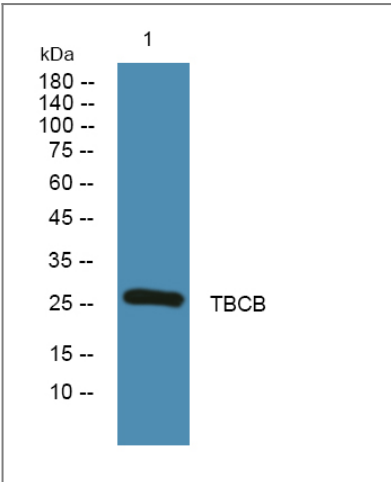
**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein**Specificity** TBCB Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

### Target Information

**Gene name** TBCB CG22 CKAP1

<b>Protein Name</b>	Tubulin-folding cofactor B (Cytoskeleton-associated protein 1) (Cytoskeleton-associated protein CKAPI) (Tubulin-specific chaperone B)		
	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Gene ID</b>	<b>UniProt ID</b>
	Human	<a href="#">1155</a> ;	<a href="#">Q99426</a> ;
	Mouse		<a href="#">Q9D1E6</a> ;
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Colocalizes with microtubules. In differentiated neurons, located in the cytoplasm. In differentiating neurons, accumulates at the growth cone. .		
<b>Tissue specificity</b>	Found in most tissues.		
<b>Function</b>	Function: Binds to alpha-tubulin folding intermediates after their interaction with cytosolic chaperonin in the pathway leading from newly synthesized tubulin to properly folded heterodimer. Involved in regulation of tubulin heterodimer dissociation. May function as a negative regulator of axonal growth.,PTM: Phosphorylation by PAK1 is required for normal function. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,PTM: Ubiquitinated in the presence of GAN which targets it for degradation by the proteasome.,similarity: Belongs to the TBCB family.,similarity: Contains 1 CAP-Gly domain.,subcellular location: Colocalizes with microtubules. In differentiated neurons, located in the cytoplasm. In differentiating neurons, accumulates at the growth cone.,subunit: Supercomplex made of cofactors A to E. Cofactors A and D function by capturing and stabilizing tubulin in a quasi-native conformation. Cofactor E binds to the cofactor D-tubulin complex; interaction with cofactor C then causes the release of tubulin polypeptides that are committed to the native state. Cofactors B and E can form a heterodimer which binds to alpha-tubulin and enhances their ability to dissociate tubulin heterodimers. Binds to GAN.,tissue specificity: Found in most tissues.,		

| Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from SH-SY5Y cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°over night

| Contact information

Orders: order@immunoway.com  
Support: tech@immunoway.com  
Telephone: 877-594-3616 (Toll Free), 408-747-0185  
Website: http://www.immunoway.com  
Address: 2200 Ringwood Ave San Jose, CA 95131 USA



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**TBCB Rabbit pAb**

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