

## CACNA1F (PT0769R) PT® Rabbit mAb

CatalogNo: YM8594 **Recombinant** 

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human

#### Applications

- WB,FC

#### MW

- 217kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG,Kappa

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:1000-5000**

**FC 1:100-300**

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

**Formulation** PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Monoclonal

**Clone Number** PT0769R

### Immunogen Information

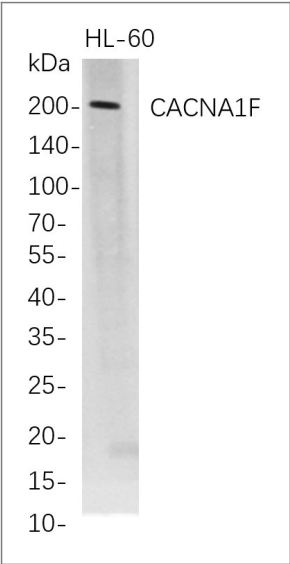
**Specificity** Endogenous

### Target Information

**Gene name** CACNA1F;CACNAF1

<b>Protein Name</b>	Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1F;Voltage-gated calcium channel subunit alpha Cav1.4;		
	<b>Organism</b>	<b>Gene ID</b>	<b>UniProt ID</b>
	Human	<a href="#">778;</a>	<a href="#">O60840;</a>
	Mouse		<a href="#">Q9JIS7;</a>
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.		
<b>Tissue specificity</b>	Expression in skeletal muscle and retina (PubMed:10873387). Isoform 4 is expressed in retina (PubMed:27226626). {ECO:0000269 PubMed:10873387, ECO:0000269 PubMed:27226626}.		
<b>Function</b>	<p>[Isoform 1]: Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells and are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. The isoform alpha-1F gives rise to L-type calcium currents. Long-lasting (L-type) calcium channels belong to the 'high-voltage activated' (HVA) group. They are blocked by dihydropyridines (DHP), phenylalkylamines, and by benzothiazepines. Activates at more negative voltages and does not undergo calcium-dependent inactivation (CDI), due to incoming calcium ions, during depolarization. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:15897456, ECO:0000269 PubMed:27226626}.; [Isoform 4]: Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel activates at more hyperpolarized voltages and exhibits a robust calcium-dependent inactivation (CDI), due to incoming calcium ions, during depolarizations. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:27226626}.; [Isoform 5]: Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells and are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:27226626}.; [Isoform 6]: Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel activates at more hyperpolarized voltages and exhibits a robust calcium-dependent inactivation (CDI), due to incoming calcium ions, during depolarizations. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:27226626}.</p>		

| Validation Data



Western Blot analysis of HL-60 whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-CACNA1F rabbit mAb. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody.

## | Contact information

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Please scan the QR code  
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product information:  
**CACNA1F (PT0769R)**  
**PT® Rabbit mAb**

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