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HIF-1α (Mix-mA) Mouse mAb

CatalogNo: YM33086 Orthogonal Validated 💽

Key Features

Host Species

Mouse

Reactivity

Human,Mouse,Rat

ApplicationsIHC,WB

MW • 110-120kD (Observed)

Recommended Dilution Ratios

IHC1:50-200 WB 1:1000-2000

Storage

Storage*	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Monoclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human HIF-1 α
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of HIF-1 $lpha$ at Human, Mouse,Rat

Target Information

Gene name HIF1A BHLHE78 MOP1 PASD8

Protein Name HIF-1α

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>3091;</u>	<u>Q16665;</u>
Mouse	<u>15251;</u>	<u>Q61221;</u>
Rat	<u>29560;</u>	<u>O35800;</u>

CellularCytoplasm . Nucleus . Nucleus speckle . Colocalizes with HIF3A in the nucleus and speckles
(By similarity). Cytoplasmic in normoxia, nuclear translocation in response to hypoxia
(PubMed:9822602). .

Tissue specificity Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in kidney and heart. Overexpressed in the majority of common human cancers and their metastases, due to the presence of intratumoral hypoxia and as a result of mutations in genes encoding oncoproteins and tumor suppressors. A higher level expression seen in pituitary tumors as compared to the pituitary gland.

Function

Domain:Contains two independent C-terminal transactivation domains, NTAD and CTAD, which function synergistically. Their transcriptional activity is repressed by an intervening inhibitory domain (ID)., Function: Functions as a master transcriptional regulator of the adaptive response to hypoxia. Under hypoxic conditions activates the transcription of over 40 genes, including, erythropoietin, glucose transporters, glycolytic enzymes, vascular endothelial growth factor, and other genes whose protein products increase oxygen delivery or facilitate metabolic adaptation to hypoxia. Plays an essential role in embryonic vascularization, tumor angiogenesis and pathophysiology of ischemic disease. Binds to core DNA sequence 5'-[AG]CGTG-3' within the hypoxia response element (HRE) of target gene promoters. Activation requires recruitment of transcriptional coactivators such as CREBPB and EP300. Activity is enhanced by interaction with both, NCOA1 or NCOA2. Interaction with redox regulatory protein APEX seems to activate CTAD and potentiates activation by NCOA1 and CREBBP., induction: Under reduced oxygen tension. Induced also by various receptormediated factors such as growth factors, cytokines, and circulatory factors such as PDGF, EGF FGF-2 FGF-2 IGF-2, TGF-1 beta, HGF, TNF alpha, IL-1 beta, angiotensin-2 and thrombin. However, this induction is less intense than that stimulated by hypoxia.,online information:Hypoxia inducible factor entry,PTM:In normoxia, is hydroxylated on Asn-803 by HIF1AN, thus abrogating interaction with CREBBP and EP300 and preventing transcriptional activation. This hydroxylation is inhibited by the Cu/Zn-chelator, Clioquinol., PTM:In normoxia, is hydroxylated on Pro-402 and Pro-564 in the oxygen-dependent degradation domain (ODD) by EGLN1/PHD1 and EGLN2/PHD2. EGLN3/PHD3 has also been shown to hydroxylate Pro-564. The hydroxylated prolines promote interaction with VHL, initiating rapid ubiguitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation. Under hypoxia, proline hydroxylation is impaired and ubiguitination is attenuated, resulting in stabilization..PTM:Requires phosphorylation for DNA-binding..PTM:S-nitrosylation of Cvs-800 may be responsible for increased recruitment of p300 coactivator necessary for transcriptional activity of HIF-1 complex., PTM:Sumoylated; by SUMO1 under hypoxia. Sumoylation is enhanced through interaction with RWDD3. Desumoylation by SENP1 leads to increased HIF1A stability and transriptional activity., PTM: The iron and 2-oxoglutarate dependent 3-hydroxylation of asparagine is (S) stereospecific within HIF CTAD domains., PTM: Ubiguitinated; in normoxia, following hydroxylation and interaction with VHL. Lys-532 appears to be the principal site of ubiquitination. Clioquinol, the Cu/Zn-chelator, inhibits ubiguitination through preventing hydroxylation at Asn-803., similarity: Contains 1 basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain., similarity: Contains 1 PAC (PAS-associated C-terminal) domain., similarity: Contains 2 PAS (PER-ARNT-SIM) domains., subcellular location:Cytoplasmic in normoxia, nuclear translocation in response to hypoxia. Colocalizes with SUMO1 in the nucleus, under hypoxia., subunit: Interacts with the HIF1A beta/ARNT subunit; heterodimerization is required for DNA binding. Interacts with COPS5; the interaction increases the transcriptional activity of HIF1A through increased stability (By similarity). Interacts with CREBBP and EP300 (via TAZ-type 1 domains). Interacts with NCOA1, NCOA2, APEX and HSP90. Interacts (hydroxylated within the ODD domain) with VHLL (via beta domain); the interaction, leads to polyubiquitination and subsequent HIF1A proteasomal degradation. During hypoxia, sumovlated HIF1A also binds VHL; the interaction promotes the ubiquitination of HIF1A. Interacts with SENP1; the interaction desumoylates HIF1A resulting in stabilization and activation of transcription. Interacts (Via the ODD domain) with ARD1A; the interaction appears not to acetylate HIF1A nor have any affect on protein stability, during hypoxia. Interacts with RWDD3; the interaction enhances HIF1A sumoylation. Interacts with TSGA10.,tissue specificity:Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in kidney and heart. Overexpressed in the majority of common human cancers and their metastases, due to the presence of intratumoral hypoxia and as a result of mutations in genes encoding oncoproteins and tumor suppressors.,

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of 1)HepG2 Cell, 2) HepG2 Treated with CoCl2 cell Lysate using HIF-1 α Mouse Monoclonal mAb diluted at 1:2,000.

Contact information

Orders:	order@immunoway.com
Support:	tech@immunoway.com
Telephone:	877-594-3616 (Toll Free), 408-747-0185
Website:	http://www.immunoway.com
Address:	2200 Ringwood Ave San Jose, CA 95131 USA



Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: HIF-1α (Mix-mA) Mouse mAb

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