

Histone H2A (Acetyl Lys15) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YK0208

Orthogonal Validated 

Key Features

Host Species

- Rabbit

Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications

- WB

MW

- 14kD (Observed)

Isotype

- IgG

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1000

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthetic Peptide of Histone H2A (Acetyl Lys15)

Specificity The antibody detects endogenous Histone H2A (Acetyl Lys15) protein.

Target Information

Gene name HIST1H2AG/HIST1H2AI/HIST1H2AK/HIST1H2AL/HIST1H2AM/HIST2H2AA3/HIST2H2AA4/HIST3H2A

Protein Name Histone H2A type 1/Histone H2A type 2/Histone H2A type 3

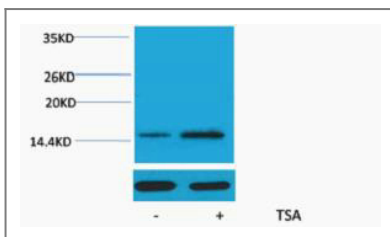
Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	8329 ; 8330 ; 8332 ; 8336 ; 8969 ; 723790 ; 8337 ; 92815 ;	P0C0S8 ; Q6F113 ; Q7L7L0 ;
Mouse	319164 ; 15267 ; 319162 ;	
Rat	365877 ; 64646 ;	P02262 ; P0CC09 ; Q4FZT6 ;

Cellular Localization Nucleus. Chromosome.

Tissue specificity Bone,Brain,Colon,Eye,Lymph,PCR rescued clones,Placenta,Spleen

Function Function:Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.,mass spectrometry:Monoisotopic with N-acetylserine PubMed:16457589,PTM:Deiminated on Arg-4 in granulocytes upon calcium entry.,PTM:Monoubiquitination of Lys-120 by RING1 and RNF2/RING2 complex gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression and participates in X chromosome inactivation of female mammals. It is involved in the initiation of both imprinted and random X inactivation. Ubiquitinated H2A is enriched in inactive X chromosome chromatin. Ubiquitination of H2A functions downstream of methylation of 'Lys-27' of histone H3. Monoubiquitination of Lys-120 by RNF2/RING2 can also be induced by ultraviolet and may be involved in DNA repair. Following DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs), it is ubiquitinated through 'Lys-63' linkage of ubiquitin moieties by the E2 ligase UBE2N and the E3 ligases RNF8 and RNF168, leading to the recruitment of repair proteins to sites of DNA damage. Monoubiquitination and ionizing radiation-induced 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination are distinct events.,PTM:Phosphorylation on Ser-2 is enhanced during mitosis. Phosphorylation on Ser-2 by RPS6KA5/MSK1 directly represses transcription. Acetylation of H3 inhibits Ser-2 phosphorylation by RPS6KA5/MSK1.,PTM:Symmetric dimethylation on Arg-4 by the PRDM1/PRMT5 complex may play a crucial role in the germ-cell lineage.,PTM:The chromatin-associated form is phosphorylated on Thr-121 during mitosis.,similarity:Belongs to the histone H2A family.,subunit:The nucleosome is a histone octamer containing two molecules each of H2A, H2B, H3 and H4 assembled in one H3-H4 heterotetramer and two H2A-H2B heterodimers. The octamer wraps approximately 147 bp of DNA.,

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells, untreated (-) or treated, 1:5000. Secondary antibody (catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

Contact information

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**Histone H2A (Acetyl
Lys15) Rabbit pAb**

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