**Applications** 



# Tubulin α (Acetyl Lys401) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YK0179

## **| Key Features**

**Host Species** Reactivity

 Rabbit · Human, Mouse, Rat WB,ELISA

Isotype 50kD (Observed) IgG

#### Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

### Storage

Storage\* -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

modification sites):YAkRA

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

### **I** Basic Information

**Clonality** Polyclonal

### Immunogen Information

Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Tubulin $\alpha$ (Acetyl Lys401)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human,Mouse,Rat Tubulin $\alpha$ (Acetyl Lys401).The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are

### | Target Information

Gene name TUBA1A TUBA3

**Protein Name** Tubulin  $\alpha$  (Acetyl Lys401)

OrganismGene ID UniProt ID

 Human
 7846;
 Q71U36; P68363; Q9BQE3; Q13748; P68366; Q9NY65;

 Mouse
 22142;
 P68369;

 Rat
 64158;
 P68370;

Cellular Localization

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

**Tissue specificity** Expressed at a high level in fetal brain.

**Function** Disease: Defects in TUBA1A are the cause of lissencephaly type 3 (LIS3) [MIM:611603]. LIS is

characterized by a smooth brain surface due to the absence (agyria) or reduction (pachygyria) of surface convolutions. It is often associated with psychomotor retardation and seizures. LIS3 features include agyria or pachygyria or laminar heterotopia, severe mental retardation, motor delay, variable presence of seizures, and abnormalities of corpus callosum, hippocampus, cerebellar vermis and brainstem.,Function:Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and one at a non-exchangeable site on the alpha-chain.,PTM:Undergoes a tyrosination/detyrosination cycle, the cyclic removal and re-addition of a C-terminal tyrosine residue by the enzymes tubulin tyrosine carboxypeptidase (TTCP) and tubulin tyrosine ligase (TTL), respectively.,similarity:Belongs to the tubulin family.,subunit:Dimer of alpha

and beta chains., tissue specificity: Expressed at a high level in fetal brain.,

#### **Validation Data**

### **Contact information**

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: **Tubulin α (Acetyl Lys401) Rabbit pAb**