

14-3-3 (pan) (Acetyl Lys51) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YK0066

Key Features

Host Species	
 Rabbit 	

Reactivity

Human,Mouse,Rat

Applications

WB,ELISA

MW • 30kD (Observed)

Isotype • lgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000 ELISA 1:10000 Not yet tested in other applications.

Storage

Storage*-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)FormulationLiquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthesized acetyl-peptide derived from human 14-3-3-pan around the acetylation site of K51.

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous Acetyl levels of 14-3-3 beta/alpha site of K51.This antibody also recognizes 14-3-3 gamma/theta/zeta/delta when phosphorylated at the corresponding sites.The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites):AYKNV

Target Information

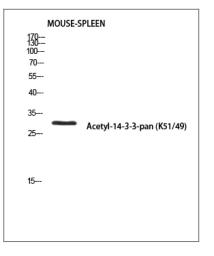
Gene name YWHAB/YWHAG/YWHAQ/YWHAZ/SFN

Protein Name14-3-3 protein beta/alpha/14-3-3 protein gamma/14-3-3 protein theta/14-3-3 protein
zeta/delta/14-3-3 protein sigma

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<u>7529;</u>	<u>P31946;</u>
Mouse	<u>54401;</u>	<u>Q9CQV8;</u>
Rat	<u>56011;</u>	<u>P35213;</u>

- **Cellular Localization** Cytoplasm . Melanosome . Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.; Vacuole membrane . (Microbial infection) Upon infection with Chlamydia trachomatis, this protein is associated with the pathogen-containing vacuole membrane where it colocalizes with IncG. .
- Tissue specificity Brain,Colon carcinoma,Kerat
- FunctionFunction:Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general
and specialized signaling pathway. Binds to a large number of partners, usually by
recognition of a phosphoserine or phosphothreonine motif. Binding generally results in the
modulation of the activity of the binding partner. Negative regulator of
osteogenesis.,PTM:Isoform Short contains a N-acetylmethionine at position 1.,PTM:The
alpha, brain-specific form differs from the beta form in being
phosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the 14-3-3 family.,subcellular location:Identified by
mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.,subunit:Homodimer.
Interacts with SSH1 and TORC2/CRTC2. Interacts with ABL1; the interaction results in
cytoplasmic location of ABL1 and inhition of cABL-mediated apoptosis. Interacts with ROR2
(dimer); the interaction results in phosphorylation of YWHAB on tyrosine residues.,

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of MOUSE-SPLEEN using Acetyl-14-3-3-pan (K51/49) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:500. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information: 14-3-3 (pan) (Acetyl Lys51) Rabbit pAb

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents