

Cortactin (Acetyl Lys235) Rabbit pAb

CatalogNo: YK0057

Key Features

Host Species

- Rabbit

Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications

- WB, ELISA

MW

- 62kD (Observed)

Isotype

- IgG

Recommended Dilution Ratios

WB 1:500-1:2000

ELISA 1:10000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Storage

Storage* -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Basic Information

Clonality Polyclonal

Immunogen Information

Immunogen Synthesized acetyl-peptide derived from the Internal region of human Cortactin around the acetylation site of K235.

Specificity Acetyl-Cortactin (K235) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cortactin protein only when acetylation at K235. The name of modified sites may be influenced by many factors, such as species (the modified site was not originally found in human samples) and the change of protein sequence (the previous protein sequence is incomplete, and the protein sequence may be prolonged with the development of protein sequencing technology). When naming, we will use the "numbers" in historical reference to keep the sites consistent with the reports. The antibody binds to the following modification sequence (lowercase letters are modification sites): GGkFG

| Target Information

Gene name CTTN

Protein Name Src substrate cortactin

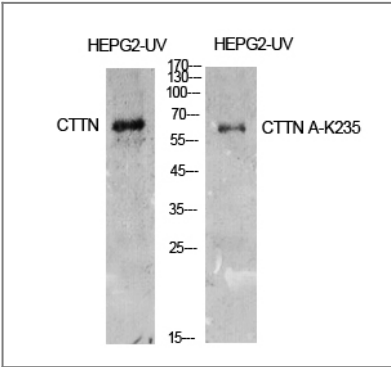
Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	2017 ;	Q14247 ;
Mouse	13043 ;	Q60598 ;

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell projection, lamellipodium . Cell projection, ruffle. Cell projection, dendrite . Cell projection . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Cell projection, podosome . Cell junction . Cell junction, focal adhesion . Membrane, clathrin-coated pit . Cell projection, dendritic spine . Cytoplasm, cell cortex . Colocalizes transiently with PTK2/FAK1 at focal adhesions (By similarity). Associated with membrane ruffles and lamellipodia. In the presence of CTTNBP2NL, colocalizes with stress fibers (By similarity). In the presence of CTTNBP2, localizes at the cell cortex (By similarity). In response to neuronal activation by glutamate, redistributes from dendritic spines to the dendritic shaft (By similarity). Colocalizes with DNM2 at the basis of filopodia in hippocampus neuron growth zones (By similarity). .

Tissue specificity Coronary artery,Epithelium,Mammary gland,Placenta,Platelet,Testis,

Function Function:May contribute to the organization of cell structure. The SH3 motif may function as a binding region to cytoskeleton. Tyrosine phosphorylation in transformed cells may contribute to cellular growth regulation and transformation.,online information:Cortactin entry,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,similarity:Contains 7 cortactin repeats.,subcellular location:Associated with membrane ruffles and lamellipodia.,subunit:Interacts with SHANK2 and SHANK3 via its SH2 domain. Also interacts with FGD1 (By similarity). Interacts with PLXDC2.,

| Validation Data



Western Blot analysis of HepG2-UV cells using Acetyl-Cortactin (K235) Polyclonal Antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:500. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

| Contact information

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**Cortactin (Acetyl
Lys235) Rabbit pAb**

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