

## FGF-23 (PT1387R) PT™ Rabbit mAb

CatalogNo: YM9229 **Recombinant** 

### Key Features

#### Host Species

- Rabbit

#### Reactivity

- Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Applications

- WB, IF, ELISA

#### MW

- 28kD (Calculated)
- 36kD (Observed)

#### Isotype

- IgG, Kappa

### Storage

**Storage\*** -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

**Formulation** PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% BSA

### Recommended Dilution Ratios

**WB 1:2000-1:10000**

**IF 1:200-1:1000**

**ELISA 1:5000-1:20000**

### Basic Information

**Clonality** Monoclonal

**Clone Number** PT1387R

### Immunogen Information

**Specificity** Endogenous

### Target Information

**Gene name** FGF23

**Protein Name** Fibroblast growth factor 23

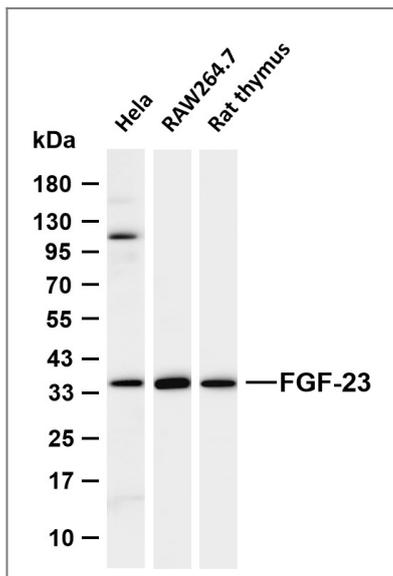
Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID
Human	<a href="#">8074</a> ;	<a href="#">Q9GZV9</a> ;
Mouse	<a href="#">64654</a> ;	<a href="#">Q9EPC2</a> ;
Rat	<a href="#">170583</a> ;	<a href="#">Q8VI82</a> ;

**Cellular Localization** Secreted . Secretion is dependent on O-glycosylation.

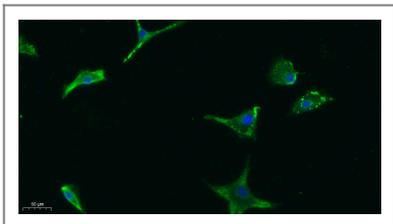
**Tissue specificity** Expressed in osteogenic cells particularly during phases of active bone remodeling. In adult trabecular bone, expressed in osteocytes and flattened bone-lining cells (inactive osteoblasts).

**Function** Disease:Defects in FGF23 are a cause of hyperphosphatemic familial tumoral calcinosis (HFTC) [MIM:211900]. HFTC is a severe autosomal recessive metabolic disorder that manifests with hyperphosphatemia and massive calcium deposits in the skin and subcutaneous tissues.,Disease:Defects in FGF23 are the cause of autosomal dominant hypophosphataemic rickets (ADHR) [MIM:193100]. ADHR is characterized by low serum phosphorus concentrations, rickets, osteomalacia, leg deformities, short stature, bone pain and dental abscesses.,PTM:After secretion it is processed into a N-terminal fragment and a C-terminal fragment. The processing is effected by the proprotein convertases.,similarity:Belongs to the heparin-binding growth factors family.,

## Validation Data



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-FGF-23 (PT1387R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: HeLa Lane 2: RAW264.7 Lane 3: Rat thymus Predicted band size: 28kDa Observed band size: 36kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549. 1, primary Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit IgG (H&L) - Alexa Fluor 488 Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).3, DAPI(blue) 10min.

## | Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:  
**FGF-23 (PT1387R)**  
**PT™ Rabbit mAb**

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