

HIF-1 β Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YN5569
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF
Target :	HIF-1 β
Fields :	>>HIF-1 signaling pathway;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor activation;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen species;>>Renal cell carcinoma
Gene Name :	ARNT
Protein Name :	Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator
Human Gene Id :	405
Human Swiss Prot No :	P27540
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P53762
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P41739
Immunogen :	Recombinant Protein of HIF-1 β
Specificity :	The antibody detects endogenous HIF-1 β protein.
Formulation :	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:1000-2000 IHC 1:200-500. IF 1:50-200
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Storage Stability : -15°C to -25°C/1 year (Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band : 87kD

Cell Pathway : Pathways in cancer; Renal cell carcinoma;

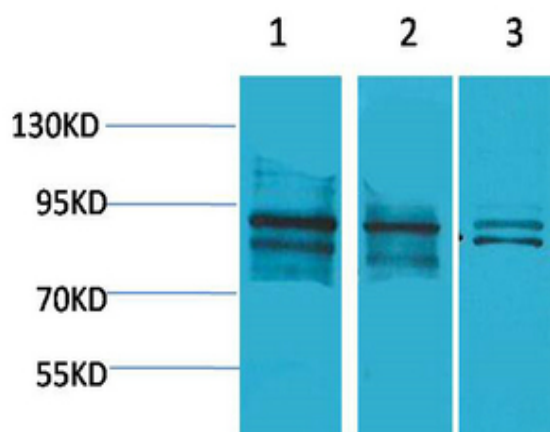
Background : This gene encodes a protein containing a basic helix-loop-helix domain and two characteristic PAS domains along with a PAC domain. The encoded protein binds to ligand-bound aryl hydrocarbon receptor and aids in the movement of this complex to the nucleus, where it promotes the expression of genes involved in xenobiotic metabolism. This protein is also a co-factor for transcriptional regulation by hypoxia-inducible factor 1. Chromosomal translocation of this locus with the ETV6 (ets variant 6) gene on chromosome 12 have been described in leukemias. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2013],

Function : function: Required for activity of the Ah (dioxin) receptor. This protein is required for the ligand-binding subunit to translocate from the cytosol to the nucleus after ligand binding. The complex then initiates transcription of genes involved in the activation of PAH procarcinogens. The heterodimer with HIF1A or EPAS1/HIF2A functions as a transcriptional regulator of the adaptive response to hypoxia., similarity: Contains 1 basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain., similarity: Contains 1 PAC (PAS-associated C-terminal) domain., similarity: Contains 2 PAS (PER-ARNT-SIM) domains., subunit: Efficient DNA binding requires dimerization with another bHLH protein. Forms a heterodimer with AHR, AHRR, HIF1A and EPAS1/HIF2A as well as with other bHLH proteins. Interacts with TACC3 (By similarity). Interacts with NOCA7.,

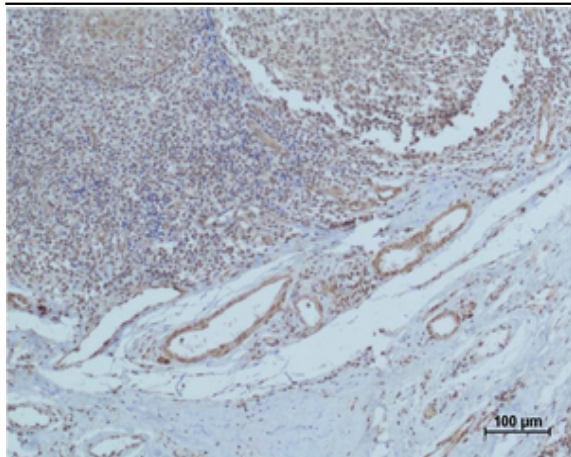
Subcellular Location : Nucleus.

Expression : Aorta endothelial cell, Brain, Kidney, Thalamus, Uterus,

Products Images



Western blot analysis of 1) MCF7, 2) 3T3, 3) Rat Brain using HIF-1 β Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody (catalog#: RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Tonsil using HIF-1 β Polyclonal Antibody.