

## **ACM3 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YN2542

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;ELISA

Target: ACM3

**Fields:** >>Calcium signaling pathway;>>Neuroactive ligand-receptor

interaction;>>Cholinergic synapse;>>Taste transduction;>>Regulation of actin

cytoskeleton;>>Insulin secretion;>>Salivary secretion;>>Gastric acid secretion;>>Pancreatic secretion;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Pathways of

neurodegeneration - multiple diseases

Gene Name: CHRM3

Protein Name: Muscarinic acetylcholine receptor M3

P20309

Q9ERZ3

Human Gene Id: 1131

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: P08483

**Immunogen:** Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 270-350

**Specificity:** ACM3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

**Formulation:** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:** 

Observed Band: 64kD

**Cell Pathway:** Calcium; Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction; Regulates Actin and

Cytoskeleton;

**Background:** The muscarinic cholinergic receptors belong to a larger family of G protein-

> coupled receptors. The functional diversity of these receptors is defined by the binding of acetylcholine and includes cellular responses such as adenylate cyclase inhibition, phosphoinositide degeneration, and potassium channel mediation. Muscarinic receptors influence many effects of acetylcholine in the central and peripheral nervous system. The muscarinic cholinergic receptor 3 controls smooth muscle contraction and its stimulation causes secretion of

glandular tissue. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

**Function:** function: The muscarinic acetylcholine receptor mediates various cellular

responses, including inhibition of adenylate cyclase, breakdown of

phosphoinositides and modulation of potassium channels through the action of G proteins. Primary transducing effect is Pi turnover., similarity: Belongs to the G-

protein coupled receptor 1 family.,

Subcellular Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, synapse, Location:

postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Colocalizes with TMEM147 in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membrane. TMEM147 impairs its trafficking to the cell membrane

leading to its retention in the ER membrane. .

Brain, Teratocarcinoma, **Expression:** 

## **Products Images**