

E-Cadherin (ABT181) IHC kit

Catalog No: IHCM6130

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat;

Applications: IHC

Target: E-cadherin

Fields: >>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling

pathway;>>Cell adhesion molecules;>>Adherens junction;>>Bacterial invasion of

epithelial cells;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Endometrial cancer;>>Thyroid

cancer;>>Melanoma;>>Bladder cancer;>>Gastric cancer

Gene Name: CDH1 CDHE UVO

Protein Name: Cadherin-1 (CAM 120/80) (Epithelial cadherin) (E-cadherin) (Uvomorulin) (CD

antigen CD324) [Cleaved into: E-Cad/CTF1; E-Cad/CTF2; E-Cad/CTF3]

Human Gene Id: 999

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human E-Cadherin AA range: 700-800

Specificity: The antibody can specifically recognize E-cadherin protein.

Source: Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG2b, kappa

P12830

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from ascites by affinity-chromatography using

specific immunogen.

Storage Stability: 2°C to 8°C/1 year

Background: This gene encodes a classical cadherin of the cadherin superfamily. Alternative

splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a

preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate the mature

glycoprotein. This calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion protein is comprised of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a transmembrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. Mutations in this gene are correlated with gastric,



breast, colorectal, thyroid and ovarian cancer. Loss of function of this gene is thought to contribute to cancer progression by increasing proliferation, invasion, and/or metastasis. The ectodomain of this protein mediates bacterial adhesion to mammalian cells and the cytoplasmic domain is required for internalization. This gene is present in a gene cluster with other members of the cadherin family on chromosome 16. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015],

Function:

disease:Defects in CDH1 are a cause of gastric cancer [MIM:137215]; also known as hereditary familial diffuse gastric cancer (HDGC).,disease:Defects in CDH1 are a cause of susceptibility to endometrial cancer [MIM:608089].,disease:Defects in CDH1 are associated with ovarian cancer [MIM:167000]. Ovarian cancer is the leading cause of death from gynecologic malignancy. It is characterized by advanced presentation with loco-regional dissemination in the peritoneal cavity and the rare incidence of visceral metastases. These typical features relate to the biology of the disease, which is a principal determinant of outcome.,disease:Defects in CDH1 are involved in dysfunction of the cell-cell adhesion system, triggering cancer invasion (gastric, breast, ovary, endometrium and thyroid) and metastasis.,function:Cadherins are calcium dependent cell adhesion proteins.,function:Cadherins are calcium

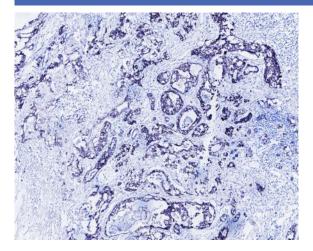
Subcellular Location :

Membranous

Expression:

Non-neural epithelial tissues.

Products Images



Human Breast carcinoma tissue was stained with E-cadherin (ABT181) Antibody