

14-3-3-pan rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YT7827
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	14-3-3-pan
Fields :	>>Cell cycle;>>Oocyte meiosis;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling pathway;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Viral carcinogenesis
Gene Name :	YWHAB
Protein Name :	14-3-3-pan
Human Gene Id :	7529
Human Swiss Prot No :	P31946/P61981/P27348/P63104/P31947
Mouse Gene Id :	54401
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q9CQV8
Rat Gene Id :	56011
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P35213
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human 14-3-3-pan
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human,Mouse,Rat 14-3-3-pan
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	27060
Observed Band :	30kD
Background :	This gene encodes a protein belonging to the 14-3-3 family of proteins, members of which mediate signal transduction by binding to phosphoserine-containing proteins. This highly conserved protein family is found in both plants and mammals. The encoded protein has been shown to interact with RAF1 and CDC25 phosphatases, suggesting that it may play a role in linking mitogenic signaling and the cell cycle machinery. Two transcript variants, which encode the same protein, have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	function:Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathway. Binds to a large number of partners, usually by recognition of a phosphoserine or phosphothreonine motif. Binding generally results in the modulation of the activity of the binding partner. Negative regulator of osteogenesis.,PTM:Isoform Short contains a N-acetylmethionine at position 1.,PTM:The alpha, brain-specific form differs from the beta form in being phosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the 14-3-3 family.,subcellular location:Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.,subunit:Homodimer. Interacts with SSH1 and TORC2/CRTC2. Interacts with ABL1; the interaction results in cytoplasmic location of ABL1 and inhibition of cABL-mediated apoptosis. Interacts with ROR2 (dimer); the interaction results in phosphorylation of YWHAB
Subcellular Location :	Cytoplasm . Melanosome . Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.; Vacuole membrane . (Microbial infection) Upon infection with Chlamydia trachomatis, this protein is associated with the pathogen-containing vacuole membrane where it colocalizes with IncG. .

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