

Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4884

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: Vitronectin

Fields: >>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>ECM-receptor

interaction;>>Complement and coagulation cascades;>>Human papillomavirus

infection;>>Proteoglycans in cancer

Gene Name: VTN

Protein Name: Vitronectin

P04004

P29788

Human Gene Id: 7448

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 22370

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Vitronectin. AA range:209-258

Specificity: Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Vitronectin protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

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Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 55kD

Cell Pathway: Focal adhesion; ECM-receptor interaction;

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the pexin family. It is found in

serum and tissues and promotes cell adhesion and spreading, inhibits the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway, and binds to several serpin serine protease inhibitors. It is a secreted protein and exists in either a single chain form or a clipped, two chain form held together by a

disulfide bond. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: domain: The SMB domain mediates interaction with SERPINE1/PAI1. The

heparin-binding domain mediates interaction with insulin., function: Somatomedin-

B is a growth hormone-dependent serum factor with protease-inhibiting activity.,function:Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in

serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and

proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway.,PTM:It has been suggested that the active SMB domain may be permitted considerable disulfide bond heterogeneity or variability, thus two alternate disulfide patterns based on 3D structures are described with 1 disulfide bond conserved in both..PTM:N- and O-

glycosylated.,PTM:Phosphorylation on Thr-69 and Thr-76 favors cell

Subcellular Location : Secreted, extracellular space .; Parasitophorous vacuole . (Microbial infection) In P.falciparum-infected red blood cells, VTN internalization is detected at the early trophozoite stage (PubMed:29567995). Colocalizes with SERA5 at the schizont stage and with SERA5 P47 at the merozoite surface (PubMed:29567995).

Expression: Expressed in the retina pigment epithelium (at protein level)

(PubMed:25136834). Expressed in plasma (at protein level) (PubMed:2448300).

Expressed in serum (at protein level) (PubMed:29567995).

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