

## **IL-5 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT2339

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: IL-5

**Fields:** >>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>JAK-STAT signaling

pathway;>>Hematopoietic cell lineage;>>IL-17 signaling pathway;>>Th1 and Th2 cell differentiation;>>T cell receptor signaling pathway;>>Fc epsilon RI signaling

pathway;>>Intestinal immune network for IgA production;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Asthma;>>Autoimmune thyroid disease;>>Inflammatory bowel

disease;>>Allograft rejection

Gene Name: IL5

Protein Name: Interleukin-5

Human Gene Id: 3567

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 16191

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q08125

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

IL-5. AA range:43-92

P05113

P04401

**Specificity:** IL-5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IL-5 protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

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**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 30kD

**Cell Pathway :** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction; Jak\_STAT; Hematopoietic cell

lineage; T\_Cell\_Receptor; Fc epsilon RI; Intestinal immune network for IgA

production; Asthma; Autoimmune thyroid disease; Allograft reject

**Background:** This gene encodes a cytokine that acts as a growth and differentiation factor for

both B cells and eosinophils. The encoded cytokine plays a major role in the regulation of eosinophil formation, maturation, recruitment and survival. The

increased production of this cytokine may be related to pathogenesis of eosinophil-

dependent inflammatory diseases. This cytokine functions by binding to its receptor, which is a heterodimer, whose beta subunit is shared with the receptors for interleukine 3 (IL3) and colony stimulating factor 2 (CSF2/GM-CSF). This gene is located on chromosome 5 within a cytokine gene cluster which includes interleukin 4 (IL4), interleukin 13 (IL13), and CSF2. This gene, IL4, and IL13 may be regulated coordinately by long-range regulatory elements spread over 120

kilobases on chromosome 5q31. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013],

**Function:** function: Factor that induces terminal differentiation of late-developing B-cells to

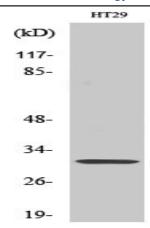
immunoglobulin secreting cells., online information: Interleukin-5

entry, similarity: Belongs to the IL-5 family, subunit: Homodimer; disulfide-linked.,

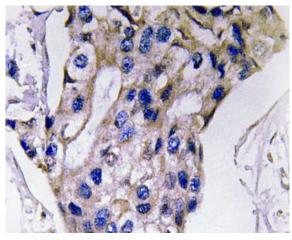
Subcellular Location : Secreted.

## **Products Images**

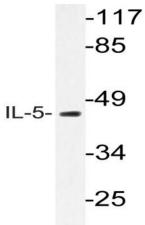
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Western Blot analysis of various cells using IL-5 Polyclonal Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of IL-5 antibody in paraffinembedded human breast carcinoma tissue.



Western blot analysis of lysate from HT-29 cells, using IL-5 antibody.