

AMPKa1/2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT0216

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey; Bovine; Fish

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: AMPKα1/2

Fields: >>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Autophagy - animal;>>mTOR signaling

pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Apelin

signaling pathway;>>Tight junction;>>Circadian

rhythm;>>Thermogenesis;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Adipocytokine signaling pathway;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Glucagon signaling pathway;>>Insulin

resistance;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Fluid shear stress and

atherosclerosis

Q13131/P54646

Gene Name: AAPK1/AAPK2

Protein Name: 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-1/2

Human Gene Id: 5562/5563

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 105787/108079

Rat Gene Id: 65248/78975

Rat Swiss Prot No: P54645/Q09137

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

AMPK alpha. AA range:140-189

Specificity: AMPKa1/2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AMPKa1/2

protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.



Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:100-500;IF ICC 1:100-500;ELISA 1:5000-20000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 63kD

Cell Pathway: Insulin Receptor; mTOR; AMPK

Background: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the ser/thr protein kinase family. It

is the catalytic subunit of the 5'-prime-AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a cellular energy sensor conserved in all eukaryotic cells. The kinase activity of AMPK is activated by the stimuli that increase the cellular AMP/ATP ratio. AMPK regulates the activities of a number of key metabolic enzymes through phosphorylation. It protects cells from stresses that cause ATP depletion by switching off ATP-consuming biosynthetic pathways. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been observed.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a

phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation:Binding of AMP results in allosteric activation, inducing phosphorylation on Thr-174 by STK11 in complex with STE20-related adapter-alpha (STRAD alpha) pseudo kinase and CAB39. Also activated by phosphorylation by CAMKK2 triggered by a rise in intracellular

calcium ions, without detectable changes in the AMP/ATP

ratio., function: Responsible for the regulation of fatty acid synthesis by

phosphorylation of acetyl-CoA carboxylase. It also regulates cholesterol synthesis

via phosphorylation and inactivation of hormone-sensitive lipase and

hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase. Appears to act as a metabolic stresssensing protein kinase switching off biosynthetic pathways when cellular ATP levels are depleted and when 5'-AMP rises in response to fuel limitation and/or

hypoxia. This is a catalytic s

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . In response to stress, recruited by p53/TP53 to specific

promoters...

Expression : Brain,Intestine,Liver,Mammary gland,Platelet,Testis

Tag: orthogonal,hot



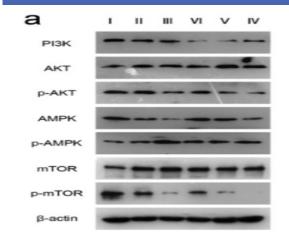
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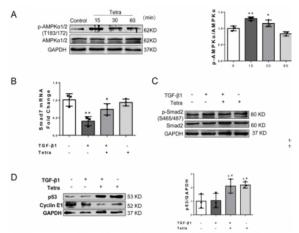
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

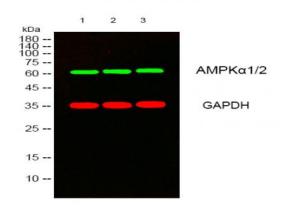
Products Images



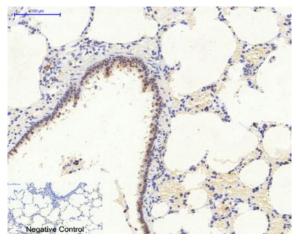
Kang, Min, et al. "Autophagy was activated against the damages of placentas caused by nano-copper oral exposure." Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 220 (2021): 112364.



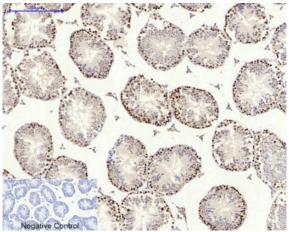
Gao, L., Wang, Ly., Liu, Zq. et al. TNAP inhibition attenuates cardiac fibrosis induced by myocardial infarction through deactivating TGF-β1/Smads and activating P53 signaling pathways. Cell Death Dis 11, 44 (2020)



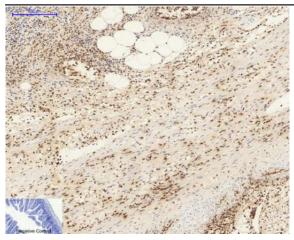
Western blot analysis of lysates from 1) K562, 2) COS7, 3) KB cells, [?]Green[?] primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour. [?]Red[?] GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody(2B8) (cat:YM3029) antibody was diluted at 1:5000 as loading control, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23710)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.



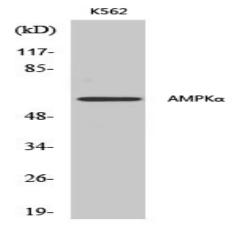
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-lung tissue. 1,AMPK α 1/2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



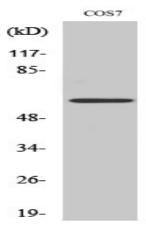
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-testis tissue. 1,AMPKα1/2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-colon tissue. 1,AMPK α 1/2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using AMPKlpha1/2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Western Blot analysis of COS7 cells using AMPKlpha1/2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500