

SNUT1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YN1460
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	SNUT1
Fields :	>>Spliceosome
Gene Name :	SART1
Protein Name :	U4/U6.U5 tri-snRNP-associated protein 1 (SNU66 homolog) (hSnu66) (Squamous cell carcinoma antigen recognized by T-cells 1) (SART-1) (hSART-1) (U4/U6.U5 tri-snRNP-associated 110 kDa protein) (allergen)
Human Gene Id :	9092
Human Swiss Prot No :	O43290
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q9Z315
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q5XIW8
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity :	SNUT1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml

Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	88kD
Cell Pathway :	Spliceosome;
Background :	This gene encodes two proteins, the SART1(800) protein expressed in the nucleus of the majority of proliferating cells, and the SART1(259) protein expressed in the cytosol of epithelial cancers. The SART1(259) protein is translated by the mechanism of -1 frameshifting during posttranscriptional regulation; its full-length sequence is not published yet. The two encoded proteins are thought to be involved in the regulation of proliferation. Both proteins have tumor-rejection antigens. The SART1(259) protein possesses tumor epitopes capable of inducing HLA-A2402-restricted cytotoxic T lymphocytes in cancer patients. This SART1(259) antigen may be useful in specific immunotherapy for cancer patients and may serve as a paradigmatic tool for the diagnosis and treatment of patients with atopy. The SART1(259) protein is found to be essential for the recruitment of the tri-snR
Function :	allergen:Causes an allergic reaction in human. Binds to IgE from atopic dermatitis (AD) patients. Identified as an IgE autoantigen in atopic dermatitis (AD) patients with severe skin manifestations.,alternative products:A number of isoforms may be produced,function:May play a role in mRNA splicing. May also bind to DNA.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,PTM:Sumoylated by SUMO2.,similarity:Belongs to the SNU66/SART1 family.,subcellular location:Found in the nucleus of mitogen-activated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs), tumor cells, or normal cell lines, but not in normal tissues except testis and fetal liver or in unstimulated PBMCs, suggesting preferential expression in proliferating cells.,subunit:Identified in the spliceosome C complex, at least composed of AQR, ASCC3L1, C19orf29, CDC40, CDC5L, CRNKL1, DDX23, DDX41, DDX48, DDX5, DGCR14, DHX35, DHX38,
Subcellular Location :	Nucleus . Found in the nucleus of mitogen-activated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs), tumor cells, or normal cell lines, but not in normal tissues except testis and fetal liver or in unstimulated PBMCs, suggesting preferential expression in proliferating cells.
Expression :	Ubiquitously expressed.
Sort :	21742
No4 :	1

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