

BCL-2 (PT0007R) rabbit mAb

Catalog No: YM8002

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat;

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: Bcl-2

Fields: >>EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance;>>Endocrine

resistance;>>Platinum drug resistance;>>NF-kappa B signaling pathway;>>HIF-1

signaling pathway;>>Sphingolipid signaling pathway;>>p53 signaling pathway;>>Autophagy - animal;>>Protein processing in endoplasmic

reticulum;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Apoptosis;>>Apoptosis - multiple species;>>Necroptosis;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>Hedgehog

signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>NOD-like receptor signaling pathway;>>JAK-STAT signaling pathway;>>Neurotrophin signaling

pathway;>>Cholinergic synapse;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic complications;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Pathways of

neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Shigellosis;>>Salmonella

infection;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Tuberculosis;>>Hepatitis B;>>Measles;>>Herpes simplex virus 1 infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus infection;>>Human

immunodeficiency virus 1 infection;>>Pathw

Gene Name: BCL2

Protein Name : Apoptosis regulator Bcl-2

P10417

Human Gene Id: 596

Human Swiss Prot P10415

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12043

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 24224

Rat Swiss Prot No: P49950

1/3



Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human protein. AA range:1-100

Specificity: endogenous

Formulation: PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA

Source: Monoclonal Rabbit IgG1, Kappa

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000 ELISA: 1:20000

Purification: Protein A

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 26kD

Observed Band: 26kD

Cell Pathway: Apoptosis_Inhibition;Apoptosis_Mitochondrial;Apoptosis_Overview;Focal

adhesion; Neurotrophin; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS); Pathways in

cancer;Colorectal cancer;Prostate cancer;Small cell lung can

BCL2, apoptosis regulator(BCL2) Homo sapiens This gene encodes an integral

outer mitochondrial membrane protein that blocks the apoptotic death of some cells such as lymphocytes. Constitutive expression of BCL2, such as in the case of translocation of BCL2 to Ig heavy chain locus, is thought to be the cause of follicular lymphoma. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016],

Function: disease:A chromosomal aberration involving BCL2 may be a cause of follicular

lymphoma (FL) [MIM:151430]; also known as type II chronic lymphatic leukemia. Translocation t(14;18)(g32;g21) with immunoglobulin gene regions. BCL2

mutations found in non-Hodgkin lymphomas carrying the chromosomal translocation could be attributed to the Ig somatic hypermutation mechanism resulting in nucleotide transitions.,domain:The BH4 motif is required for antiapoptotic activity and for interaction with RAF-1.,function:Suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent lymphohematopoietic and neural cells. Regulates cell death by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability. Appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases.

Inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the

mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activati

Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane;

Single-pass membrane protein . Cytoplasm .



Expression : Expressed in a variety of tissues.

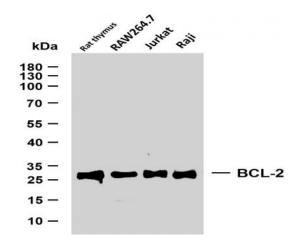
Sort:

No1: Sc-7382

No3: ab692

No4:

Products Images



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-BCL-2 (PT0007R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1:Rat thymus Lane 2:RAW264.7 Lane 3:Jurkat Lane 4:Raji Predicted band size: 26kDa Observed band size: 26kDa

3/3