

AMPKa1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM0024

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;FCM;ELISA

Target: AMPKα1

Fields: >>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Autophagy - animal;>>mTOR signaling

pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Apelin

signaling pathway;>>Tight junction;>>Circadian

rhythm;>>Thermogenesis;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Adipocytokine signaling pathway;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Glucagon signaling pathway;>>Insulin

resistance;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Fluid shear stress and

atherosclerosis

Q13131

Q5EG47

Gene Name: AAPK1

Protein Name: 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-1

Human Gene Id: 5562

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 105787

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 65248

Rat Swiss Prot No: P54645

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of human AMPKa1 expressed in E. Coli.

Specificity: AMPKa1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AMPKa1 protein.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.



Sormulation: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:200 - 1:1000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. Flow cytometry:

1:200 - 1:400. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification : Affinity purification

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 64kD

Cell Pathway: Insulin Receptor; mTOR; AMPK

P References : 1. Oncol Rep. 2008 Dec;20(6):1553-9.

2. Placenta. 2008 Dec;29(12):1003-8.

Background: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the ser/thr protein kinase family. It

is the catalytic subunit of the 5'-prime-AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a cellular energy sensor conserved in all eukaryotic cells. The kinase activity of AMPK is activated by the stimuli that increase the cellular AMP/ATP ratio. AMPK regulates the activities of a number of key metabolic enzymes through phosphorylation. It protects cells from stresses that cause ATP depletion by switching off ATP-consuming biosynthetic pathways. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been observed.

[provided by RefSeg, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a

phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation:Binding of AMP results in allosteric activation, inducing phosphorylation on Thr-174 by STK11 in complex with STE20-related adapter-alpha (STRAD alpha) pseudo kinase and CAB39. Also activated by phosphorylation by CAMKK2 triggered by a rise in intracellular

calcium ions, without detectable changes in the AMP/ATP

ratio.,function:Responsible for the regulation of fatty acid synthesis by

phosphorylation of acetyl-CoA carboxylase. It also regulates cholesterol synthesis

via phosphorylation and inactivation of hormone-sensitive lipase and

hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase. Appears to act as a metabolic stress-sensing protein kinase switching off biosynthetic pathways when cellular ATP levels are depleted and when 5'-AMP rises in response to fuel limitation and/or

hypoxia. This is a catalytic s

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . In response to stress, recruited by p53/TP53 to specific

promoters...

Expression : Brain,Intestine,Liver,Mammary gland,Platelet,Testis

Sort : 1976

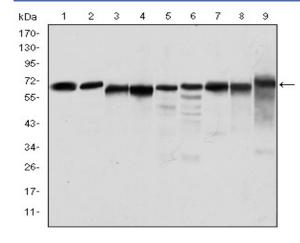


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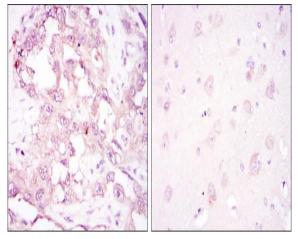
Host: Mouse

Modifications: Unmodified

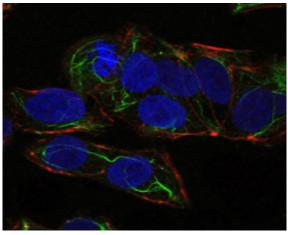
Products Images



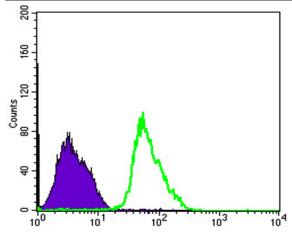
Western Blot analysis using AMPKα1 Monoclonal Antibody against Jurkat (1), HeLa (2), HepG2 (3), MCF-7 (4), Cos7 (5), NIH/3T3 (6), K562 (7), HEK293 (8), and PC-12 (9) cell lysate.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded ovarian cancer (left) and brain tissues (right) with DAB staining using AMPKa1 Monoclonal Antibody.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NTERA-2 cells using AMPKa1 Monoclonal Antibody (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.



Flow cytometric analysis of PC-2 cells using AMPKa1 Monoclonal Antibody (green) and negative control (purple).

