Best Tools for immunology Research

Tau (Phospho Ser717/400) Rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YP1825
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	IHC;WB
Target :	Tau
Fields :	>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Parkinson disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases
Gene Name :	MAPT MAPTL MTBT1 TAU
Protein Name :	Microtubule-associated protein tau (Neurofibrillary tangle protein) (Paired helical filament-tau) (PHF-tau)
Sequence :	P10636
Human Gene Id :	4137
Human Swiss Prot No :	P10636
Mouse Gene Id :	17762
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P10637
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P19332
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human Tau (Phospho Ser717/400)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Tau (Phospho Ser717/400) Rabbit pAb at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Rabbit,polyclonal
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000 IHC 1:50-200

Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	50-85kD
Background :	microtubule associated protein tau(MAPT) Homo sapiens This gene encodes the microtubule-associated protein tau (MAPT) whose transcript undergoes complex, regulated alternative splicing, giving rise to several mRNA species. MAPT transcripts are differentially expressed in the nervous system, depending on stage of neuronal maturation and neuron type. MAPT gene mutations have been associated with several neurodegenerative disorders such as Alzheimer's disease, Pick's disease, frontotemporal dementia, cortico-basal degeneration and progressive supranuclear palsy. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist. Isoforms differ from each other by the presence or absence of up to 5 of the 15 exons. One of these optional exons contains the additional tau/MAP repeat,developmental stage:Four-repeat (type II) tau is expressed in an adult-specific manner and is not found in fetal brain, whereas three-repeat (type I) tau is found in both adult and fetal brain.,disease:Defects in MAPT are a cause of corticobasal degeneration (CBD). It is marked by extrapyramidal signs and apraxia and can be associated with memory loss. Neuropathologic features may overlap Alzheimer disease, progressive supranuclear palsy, and Parkinson disease.,disease:Defects in MAPT are a cause of frontotemporal dementia and parkinsonism linked to chromosome 17 (FTDP17) [MIM:600274, 172700]; also called frontotemporal dementia (FTD) or historically termed Pick complex. This form
Subcellular Location :	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell projection, axon . Cell projection, dendrite . Secreted . Mostly found in the axons of neurons, in the cytosol and in association with plasma membrane components (PubMed:10747907). Can be secreted; the secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10; it results in protein translocation from the cytoplasm into the ERGIC (endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment) followed by vesicle entry and secretion (PubMed:32272059). .
Expression :	Expressed in neurons. Isoform PNS-tau is expressed in the peripheral nervous system while the others are expressed in the central nervous system.
Sort :	999

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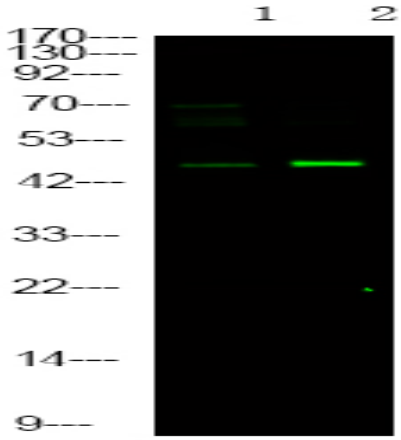
No4 : 1

Host : Rabbit

Modifications : Phospho

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of mouse brain ,using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000