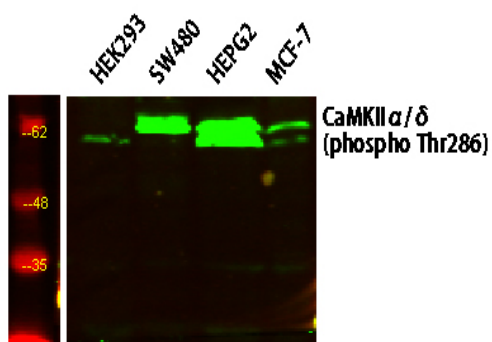


CaMK2 (Phospho Thr286) Antibody

Catalog No :	YP1249
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	CaMK2
Fields :	>>ErbB signaling pathway;>>Calcium signaling pathway;>>cAMP signaling pathway;>>HIF-1 signaling pathway;>>Oocyte meiosis;>>Necroptosis;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>Wnt signaling pathway;>>Axon guidance;>>Circadian entrainment;>>Long-term potentiation;>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway;>>Cholinergic synapse;>>Dopaminergic synapse;>>Olfactory transduction;>>Inflammatory mediator regulation of TRP channels;>>Insulin secretion;>>GnRH signaling pathway;>>Melanogenesis;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Glucagon signaling pathway;>>Aldosterone synthesis and secretion;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Gastric acid secretion;>>Parkinson disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Amphetamine addiction;>>Tuberculosis;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Proteoglycans in cancer;>>Glioma;>>Diabetic cardiomyopathy;>>Lipid and atherosclerosis
Gene Name :	CAMK2D CAMKD
Protein Name :	CaMK2 (Phospho-Thr286)
Human Gene Id :	817
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q9UQM7/Q13557
Immunogen :	Synthesized pospho peptide derived from human CaMK2 (Phospho-Thr286)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous pospho levels of human CaMK2 (Phospho-Thr286)
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG

Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000, ELISA(peptide)1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15 °C to -25 °C/1 year(Do not lower than -25 °C)
Observed Band :	54kD
Background :	<p>The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinases family, and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinases subfamily. Calcium signaling is crucial for several aspects of plasticity at glutamatergic synapses. This calcium calmodulin-dependent protein kinase is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The alpha chain encoded by this gene is required for hippocampal long-term potentiation (LTP) and spatial learning. In addition to its calcium-calmodulin (CaM)-dependent activity, this protein can undergo autophosphorylation, resulting in CaM-independent activity. Two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2008],</p>
Function :	<p>catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme regulation:Autophosphorylation of Thr-286 allows the kinase to switch from a calmodulin-dependent to a calmodulin-independent state.,function:CaM-kinase II (CAMK2) is a prominent kinase in the central nervous system that may function in long-term potentiation and neurotransmitter release. Member of the NMDAR signaling complex in excitatory synapses it may regulate NMDAR-dependent potentiation of the AMPAR and synaptic plasticity.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CaMK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Postsynaptic lipid rafts.,subunit:CAMK2 is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The different isoforms assemble into homo- or heteromultimeric</p>
Subcellular Location :	Cell junction, synapse . Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic density . Cell projection, dendritic spine . Cell projection, dendrite . Postsynaptic lipid rafts. .
Expression :	Brain,
Sort :	3089
Host :	Rabbit
Modifications :	Phospho

Products Images



Western blot analysis of various lysates, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat: RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.