

FGF Receptor 1/2 (phospho Tyr463/466) Polyclonal Antibody

YP0452 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

WB;ELISA **Applications:**

FGF Receptor 1/2 Target:

Fields: >>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling

pathway:>>Calcium signaling pathway:>>PI3K-Akt signaling

pathway;>>Adherens junction;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells;>>Thermogenesis;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Proteoglycans in cancer:>>Prostate cancer:>>Melanoma:>>Breast cancer:>>Central carbon

metabolism in cancer

Gene Name: FGFR1/FGFR2

Basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1/2 **Protein Name:**

P11362/P21802

Human Gene Id: 2260/2263

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 14182/14183

Rat Gene Id: 79114

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q04589

Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human Flg/Bek Immunogen:

(phospho Tyr463/466)

Specificity: Phospho-Flg/Bek (Y463/466) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

Flg/Bek protein only when phosphorylated at Y463/466.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG



Didution:: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 120kD

Observed Band: full length 120-140kD,FOP-FGFR1 90kD

Cell Pathway: MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;Adherens_Junction;Regulates Actin

and Cytoskeleton; Pathways in cancer; Prostate cancer; Melanoma;

Background : The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor

receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in

syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome,

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine

phosphate., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving FGFR1 may be a cause

of stem cell leukemia lymphoma syndrome (SCLL). Translocation

t(8;13)(p11;q12) with ZMYM2. SCLL usually presents as lymphoblastic

limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer

lymphoma in association with a myeloproliferative disorder, often accompanied by pronounced peripheral eosinophilia and/or prominent eosinophilic infiltrates in the affected bone marrow.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving FGFR1 may

be a cause of stem cell myeloproliferative disorder (MPD). Translocation t(6;8)(q27;p11) with FGFR1OP. Insertion ins(12;8)(p11;p11p22) with

FGFR1OP2. MPD is characterized by myeloid hyperplasia, eosinophilia and T-

cell or B-cell lymphoblastic lymphoma. In general it progresses to acute myeloid leukemia. The fusion proteins FGFR10P2-FGFR1, FGFR10P-FGFR1 or

FGFR1-FGFR1OP may

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasmic vesicle. After ligand binding, both receptor and ligand are rapidly internalized. Can translocate to the nucleus after internalization, or by translocation from the endoplasmic reticulum or Golgi apparatus to the cytosol,

2/3



and from there to the nucleus.

Expression: Detected in astrocytoma, neuroblastoma and adrenal cortex cell lines. Some

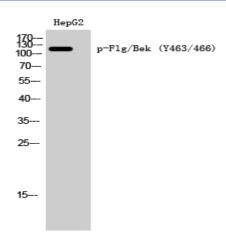
isoforms are detected in foreskin fibroblast cell lines, however isoform 17, isoform

18 and isoform 19 are not detected in these cells.

Sort : 6160

No4:

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using Phospho-Flg/Bek (Y463/466) Polyclonal Antibody