

Op18 (phospho Ser16) Polyclonal Antibody

YP0197 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Op18

Fields: >>MAPK signaling pathway;>>MicroRNAs in cancer

Gene Name: STMN1

Protein Name: Stathmin

Human Gene Id: 3925

Human Swiss Prot

P16949

P54227

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 16765

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 29332

Rat Swiss Prot No: P13668

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Stathmin 1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser15. AA range:5-54

Specificity: Phospho-Op18 (S16) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Op18

protein only when phosphorylated at S16.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. Formulation:

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not

yet tested in other applications.



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 17kD

Cell Pathway: MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;

Background : This gene belongs to the stathmin family of genes. It encodes a ubiquitous

cytosolic phosphoprotein proposed to function as an intracellular relay integrating regulatory signals of the cellular environment. The encoded protein is involved in the regulation of the microtubule filament system by destabilizing microtubules. It prevents assembly and promotes disassembly of microtubules. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Feb 2009],

Function: disease:Present in much greater abundance in cells from patients with acute

leukemia of different subtypes than in normal peripheral blood lymphocytes, non-leukemic proliferating lymphoid cells, bone marrow cells, or cells from patients with chronic lymphoid or myeloid leukemia.,function:Involved in the regulation of the microtubule (MT) filament system by destabilizing microtubules. Prevents assembly and promotes disassembly of microtubules. Phosphorylation at Ser-16 may be required for axon formation during neurogenesis. Involved in the control of the learned and innate fear.,PTM:Many different phosphorylated forms are observed depending on specific combinations among the sites which can be phosphorylated. MAPK is responsible for the phosphorylation of stathmin in response to NGF. Phosphorylation at Ser-16 seems to be required for neuron

polarization (By similarity). Phosphorylation at

Subcellular Location :

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

Expression: Ubiquitous. Expression is strongest in fetal and adult brain, spinal cord, and

cerebellum, followed by thymus, bone marrow, testis, and fetal liver. Expression is intermediate in colon, ovary, placenta, uterus, and trachea, and is readily detected at substantially lower levels in all other tissues examined. Lowest expression is found in adult liver. Present in much greater abundance in cells from patients with acute leukemia of different subtypes than in normal peripheral blood

lymphocytes, non-leukemic proliferating lymphoid cells, bone marrow cells, or

cells from patients with chronic lymphoid or myeloid leukemia.

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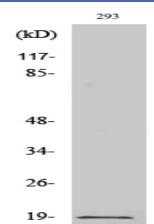
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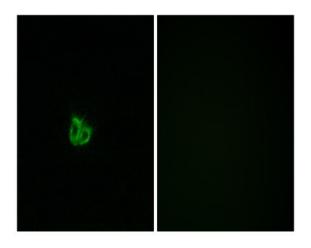
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No4:

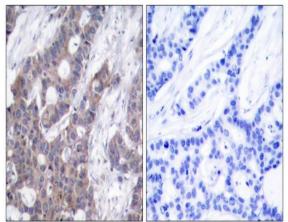
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Op18 (S16) Polyclonal Antibody

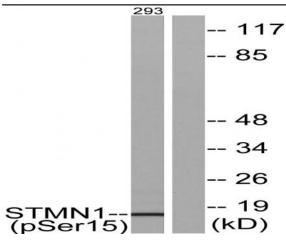


Immunofluorescence analysis of COS7 cells, using Stathmin 1 (Phospho-Ser15) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Stathmin 1 (Phospho-Ser15) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells, using Stathmin 1 (Phospho-Ser15) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.