

## Catenin-B (phospho Thr41/S45) Polyclonal Antibody

YP0048 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

WB;ELISA **Applications:** 

Target: Catenin-B

Fields: >>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Wnt signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling

pathway:>>Focal adhesion:>>Adherens junction:>>Signaling pathways

regulating pluripotency of stem cells;>>Leukocyte transendothelial

migration;>>Melanogenesis;>>Thyroid hormone signaling pathway;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells;>>Salmonella infection;>>Hepatitis C;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated

herpesvirus infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Proteoglycans in

cancer;>>Colorectal cancer;>>Endometrial cancer;>>Prostate cancer;>>Thyroid

cancer;>>Basal cell carcinoma;>>Breast cancer;>>Hepatocellular carcinoma;>>Gastric cancer;>>Arrhythmogenic right ventricular

cardiomyopathy;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: CTNNB1 CTNNB OK/SW-cl.35 PRO2286

**Protein Name:** Catenin-B;b-catenin;Beta catenin;Beta-catenin;Cadherin associated

> protein; Catenin (cadherin associated protein), beta 1,88 kDa; Catenin beta 1:Catenin beta-1:CATNB:CHBCAT:CTNB1 HUMAN:CTNNB:CTNNB1:DKFZ

**Human Gene Id:** 1499

**Human Swiss Prot** P35222

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12387

**Mouse Swiss Prot** Q02248

No:

Rat Gene Id: 84353

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q9WU82



**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Catenin-beta around the phosphorylation site of Thr41/Ser45. AA range:11-60

Specificity: Phospho-Catenin-β (T41/S45) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

Catenin-β protein only when phosphorylated at T41/S45.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

**Source :** Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 92kD

**Cell Pathway:** Stem cell pathway; Adherens\_Junction; Protein\_Acetylation

**Background:** The protein encoded by this gene is part of a complex of proteins that constitute

adherens junctions (AJs). AJs are necessary for the creation and maintenance of epithelial cell layers by regulating cell growth and adhesion between cells. The encoded protein also anchors the actin cytoskeleton and may be responsible for transmitting the contact inhibition signal that causes cells to stop dividing once the epithelial sheet is complete. Finally, this protein binds to the product of the APC gene, which is mutated in adenomatous polyposis of the colon. Mutations in this gene are a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC), pilomatrixoma (PTR),

gene are a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC), pilomatrixoma (PTR),

medulloblastoma (MDB), and ovarian cancer. Alternative splicing results in

multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016],

**Function:** disease: A chromosomal rearrangement involving CTNNB1 may be a cause of

salivary gland pleiomorphic adenomas (PA) [181030]. Pleiomorphic adenomas are the most common benign epithelial tumors of the salivary gland. Translocation t(3;8)(p21;q12) with PLAG1.,disease:Activating mutations in CTNNB1 have oncogenic activity resulting in tumor development. Somatic mutations are found in various tumor types, including colon cancers, ovarian and prostate carcinomas, hepatoblastoma (HB), hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). HBs are malignant embryonal tumors mainly affecting young children in the first three years of life.,disease:Defects in CTNNB1 are a cause of medulloblastoma (MDB) [MIM:155255]. MDB is a malignant, invasive embryonal tumor of the cerebellum with a preferential manifestation in children.,disease:Defects in CTNNB1 are a

cause of pilomatrixoma (PTR) [MIM:132600]; a common benign skin tum

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## Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell junction . Cell membrane . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cell junction, synapse . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body . Colocalized with RAPGEF2 and TJP1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Cytoplasmic when it is unstabilized (high level of phosphorylation) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear translocation. Interaction with EMD inhibits nuclear localization. The majority of beta-catenin is localized to the cell membrane. In interphase, colocalizes with CROCC between CEP250 puncta at the proximal end of cent

## **Expression:**

Expressed in several hair follicle cell types: basal and peripheral matrix cells, and cells of the outer and inner root sheaths. Expressed in colon. Present in cortical neurons (at protein level). Expressed in breast cancer tissues (at protein level) (PubMed:29367600).

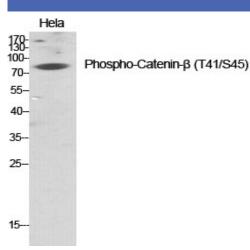
Tag: hot

**Sort**: 3207

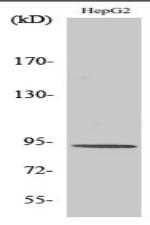
No2: 9564S

No4:

## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Catenin- $\beta$  (T41/S45) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using Phospho-Catenin-β (T41/S45) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000