

## **BMPR-IB Polyclonal Antibody**

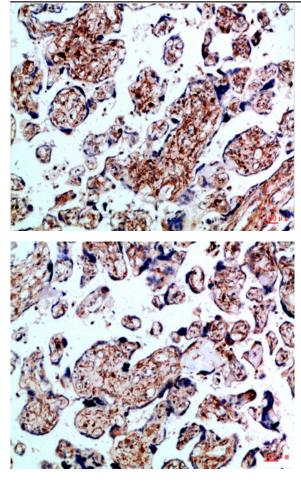
Catalog No :	YT6035
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse
Applications :	IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	BMPR-IB
Fields :	>>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>TGF-beta signaling pathway;>>Axon guidance;>>Hippo signaling pathway;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis
Gene Name :	BMPR1B
Protein Name :	Bone morphogenetic protein receptor type-1B (BMP type-1B receptor) (BMPR-1B) (EC 2.7.11.30) (CD antigen CDw293)
Human Gene Id :	658
Human Swiss Prot	O00238
No : Mouse Gene Id :	12167
Mouse Swiss Prot	P36898
No :	F 30030
Immunogen :	Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 21-70
Specificity :	The antibody detects endogenous BMPR-IB
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	IHC 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000. IF 1:50-200
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



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Concentration :	1 mg/ml	
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)	
Cell Pathway :	Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;TGF-beta;	
Background :	This gene encodes a member of the bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) receptor family of transmembrane serine/threonine kinases. The ligands of this receptor are BMPs, which are members of the TGF-beta superfamily. BMPs are involved in endochondral bone formation and embryogenesis. These proteins transduce their signals through the formation of heteromeric complexes of 2 different types of serine (threonine) kinase receptors: type I receptors of about 50-55 kD and type II receptors of about 70-80 kD. Type II receptors bind ligands in the absence of type I receptors, but they require their respective type I receptors for signaling, whereas type I receptors require their respective type II receptors for ligand binding. Mutations in this gene have been associated with primary pulmonary hypertension. Several transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for thi	
Function :	catalytic activity:ATP + [receptor-protein] = ADP + [receptor-protein] phosphate.,cofactor:Magnesium or manganese.,disease:Defects in BMPR1B are a cause of brachydactyly type A2 (BDA2) [MIM:112600]. Brachydactylies (BDs) are a group of inherited malformations characterized by shortening of the digits due to abnormal development of the phalanges and/or the metacarpals. They have been classified on an anatomic and genetic basis into five groups, A to E, including three subgroups (A1 to A3) that usually manifest as autosomal dominant traits. BDA2 was described first in a large Norwegian kindred. BDA2 is caused by mutations in BMPR1B gene and studies demonstrate that these mutations function as dominant negatives in vitro and in vivo.,disease:Defects in BMPR1B are the cause of acromesomelic chondrodysplasia with genital anomalies (AMDGA) [MIM:609441]. Acromesomelic chondrodysplasias are rare	
Subcellular	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .	
Location :	Ovary PNS Prostato	
Expression :	Ovary,PNS,Prostate,	
Sort :	2810	
Host :	Rabbit	
Modifications :	Unmodified	
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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Humanplacenta, antibody was diluted at 1:100

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