

ANT3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT0241

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: ANT3

Fields: >>Calcium signaling pathway;>>cGMP-PKG signaling

pathway;>>Necroptosis;>>Cellular senescence;>>Neutrophil extracellular trap

formation;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Parkinson disease;>>Huntington disease;>>Spinocerebellar ataxia;>>Prion disease;>>Pathways of

neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Influenza A;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen species;>>Diabetic

cardiomyopathy

Gene Name: SLC25A6

Protein Name: ADP/ATP translocase 3

P12236

Human Gene Id: 293

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

SLC25A6. AA range:121-170

Specificity: ANT3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ANT3 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:40000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

1 mg/ml



Storaget Gtability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 32kD

Cell Pathway: Calcium; Parkinson's disease; Huntington's disease;

Background: This gene is a member of the mitochondrial carrier subfamily of solute carrier

protein genes. The product of this gene functions as a gated pore that translocates ADP from the cytoplasm into the mitochondrial matrix and ATP from the mitochondrial matrix into the cytoplasm. The protein is implicated in the function of the permability transition pore complex (PTPC), which regulates the release of mitochondrial products that induce apoptosis. The human genome contains several non-transcribed pseudogenes of this gene. [provided by RefSeq,

Jun 2013],

Function: function:Catalyzes the exchange of ADP and ATP across the mitochondrial inner

membrane. May participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis., miscellaneous: The gene encoding for this protein is located in

the pseudoautosomal region 1 (PAR1) of X and Y

chromosomes.,miscellaneous:The transmembrane helices are not perpendicular

to the plane of the membrane, but cross the membrane at an angle. Oddnumbered transmembrane helices exhibit a sharp kink, due to the presence of a conserved proline residue., similarity: Belongs to the mitochondrial carrier

family., similarity: Contains 3 Solcar repeats., subunit: Homodimer. Interacts with

influenza A virus PB1-F2 protein and HIV-1 Vpr.,

Subcellular Mi

Mitochondrion inner membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. The complex formed with ARL2BP, ARL2 and

SLC25A6/ANT3 is expressed in mitochondria (By similarity). May localize to non-

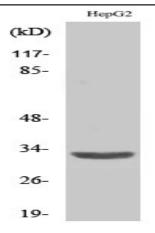
mitochondrial membranes (By similarity). .

Expression: Expressed in erythrocytes (at protein level).

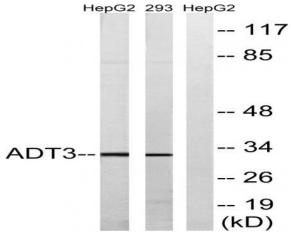
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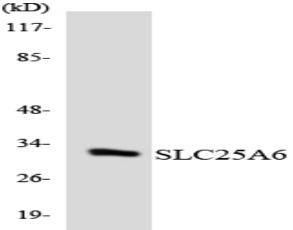
Products Images



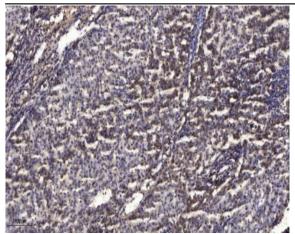
Western Blot analysis of various cells using ANT3 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 and 293 cells, using SLC25A6 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from K562 cells using SLC25A6 antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).